

Peru - Survey Directed to the Venezuelan Population Residing in the Country - 2018

Instituto Nacional de Estadística e Informática

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Overview

Identification

ID NUMBER

INEI_PER_2018_ENPOVE_v1.1

Overview

ABSTRACT

The Instituto Nacional de Estadística e Informática (INEI) in Peru carried out the Encuesta Dirigida a la Población Venezolana que Reside en el País (ENPOVE) survey between the months of November and December 2018 in order to gain a better understanding of the Venezuelan population residing in Peru.

The survey was carried out in the capital cities in the departments of Tumbes, La Libertad, Lima-Callao, Arequipa and Cusco, which together are home to 85% of the Venezuelan population in the country. The purpose of the survey was to provide reliable data on the living conditions of the Venezuelan population residing in Peru, including: demographic and social aspects, immigration status, discrimination, violence, health, employment, education, access to basic services, housing and home equipment.

The information can be used by international organizations, researchers, and public policy makers to formulate actions, policies, plans, programs, and projects to meet the most urgent needs of this group. The World Bank, UNHCR, IOM, UNFPA and UNICEF provided technical and financial support to the survey.

KIND OF DATA

Sample survey data [ssd]

UNITS OF ANALYSIS

Household and individual

Scope

NOTES

The scope includes:

- demographics
- migratory situation
- health
- education
- employment
- discrimination and violence
- gender relations
- access to institutional help and participation in associations
- housing and home equipment

TOPICS

Topic	Vocabulary	URI
Health		
Education		
Livelihood & Social cohesion		
Housing, Land and Property		
Income Generation		
Basic Needs		

Coverage

GEOGRAPHIC COVERAGE

Urban area of capital cities of the regions of Tumbes, La Libertad, Arequipa, Cusco, Lima and Callao.

Producers and Sponsors

PRIMARY INVESTIGATOR(S)

Name	Affiliation
Instituto Nacional de Estadística e Informática	

OTHER PRODUCER(S)

Name	Affiliation	Role
World Bank Group		
UNHCR		
IOM		
UNFPA		
UNICEF		

Sampling

Sampling Procedure

The sampling is probabilistic and stratified. The sampling consists of two stages, the primary sampling unit being the block, which is defined as the urban geographic area delimited by roads. The secondary sampling unit is the dwelling with at least one Venezuelan person that exists within a block. For the households that are finally selected, information is obtained from all the individuals.

The sampling frame for the blocks was constructed as follows:

- i) The addresses of 58,067 Venezuelan people registered in the 2017 Population and Housing Census were identified.
- ii) The addresses of 10,076 people were available registered in the registry of Venezuelans who applied for the Temporary Permit of Permanence from the National Superintendency of Migration of the Ministry of the Interior.
- iii) The blocks containing the addresses of the aforementioned information sources were identified using the Geographic Information System. A global framework of 19,074 blocks was built.

The concept of block used in the survey is a physical area delimited by streets, avenues, roads, canals, etc. easily identifiable and can contain one or more homes, parks, vacant lots, sports fields, etc.

The original design of the sample included the construction of three strata based on the number of dwellings with a Venezuelan population found in each block of the sampling frame: 1 to 5, 6 to 10, greater than 10. On the other hand, the population of the city of Lima was divided into 4 zones with the following districts:

North Lima: Los Olivos, San Martín De Porres, Comas, Carabayllo, Independencia, Puente Piedra

East Lima: San Juan De Lurigancho, Ate, Santa Anita, El Agustino, San Luis, La Molina, Lurigancho

Downtown Lima: La Victoria, Lima, Santiago De Surco, Surquillo, San Miguel, Brea, Barranco, Rmac, Lince

Jesus Maria, Magdalena Del Mar, San Borja

South Lima: Chorrillos, San Juan De Miraflores, Villa El Salvador, Villa Mara Del Triunfo, Lurn, Pachacamac

The housing framework was built by means of an exhaustive registry of buildings and dwellings in each of the selected blocks, identifying those places, be they dwellings or establishments, that had a population from Venezuela. The concept of housing for the purposes of the survey included private and collective dwellings (hotels, hostels, lodgings, churches and shelters), where the Venezuelan population is found. This concept is different from the one used in the regular INEI household surveys, which only considers private households with a maximum of 5 households. The concept of the household used was: People, whether or not they are related, who share the main meals and attend to their vital needs in common. This concept is different from that used in the INEI household surveys, where the budget is considered.

Questionnaires

No content available

Data Collection

Data Collection Dates

Start	End	Cycle
2018-11-20	2018-12-31	N/A

Data Collection Mode

Face-to-face [f2f]

Data Collectors

Name	Abbreviation	Affiliation
Instituto Nacional de Estadística e Informática	INEI	

Data Processing

No content available

Data Appraisal

No content available